Art and design Progression Map



Level Expected at the End of EYFS

Expressive Arts and Design (Exploring and Using Media and Materials) Children safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function.

Expressive Arts and Design (Being Imaginative)

Children use what they have learnt about media and materials in original ways, thinking about uses and purposes. They represent their own ideas, thoughts and feelings through design and technology, art, music, dance, role play and stories.

Key Stage 1 National Curriculum Expectations	Key Stage 2 National Curriculum Expectations
Pupils should be taught:	Pupils should be taught:
 to use a range of materials creatively to design and make products; to use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination; 	 to develop their techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and an increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design;
 to develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space; 	 to create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas;
 about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and 	 to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay];
making links to their own work.	 about great artists, architects and designers in history.

The national curriculum for art and design aims to ensure that all pupils by the end of year 6:

- produce creative work, exploring their ideas and recording their experiences;
- become proficient in drawing, painting, sculpture and other art, craft and design techniques;
- evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of art, craft and design;
- know about great artists, craft makers and designers, and understand the historical and cultural development of their art forms.

	KS1	LKS2	UKS2
Exploring and Developing Ideas	 and trying again. Children practise and share their learning and skills with others, receive and offer feedback to improve. KS1 Art and Design National Curriculum To produce creative work, exploring their ideas and recording experiences. Children can: a respond positively to ideas and starting points; b explore ideas and collect information; c describe differences and similarities and make links to 	creativity, experimentation and an increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design. To create sketchbooks to record their observations and use	 Children start collecting more information and resources to present in sketchbooks. They continue to build their knowledge of techniques by experimenting and predicting what might happen. Children continue to practise and share their learning and skills with others, receiving and offering feedback to improve. KS2 Art and Design National Curriculum Pupils should be taught to develop their techniques with creativity, experimentation and an increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design. To create sketchbooks to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas. Children can: a review and revisit ideas in their sketchbooks; b offer feedback using technical vocabulary; c think critically about their art and design work; d use digital technology as sources for developing ideas; e use key vocabulary to demonstrate knowledge and understanding in this strand: sketchbook, develop, refine, texture, shape, form, pattern, structure.
Drawing	drawing such as shading, thick and thin lines, patterns and shapes as well as using different surfaces to draw on. Children are also exposed to using different materials to draw with such as pencils, felt tips, charcoal, crayons, chalk and pastels. KS1 Art and Design National Curriculum To become proficient in drawing techniques. To use drawing to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination.	 Children develop their knowledge of drawing by continuing to use a variety of drawing tools from KS1. They are introduced to new ways of making effect through tone, texture, light and shadow. They have the opportunity to use vocabulary learned in KS1 accurately, e.g. shading, thick and thin. KS2 Art and Design National Curriculum To become proficient in drawing techniques. To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, with a range of materials. Children can: a experiment with showing line, tone and texture with different hardness of pencils; b use shading to show light and shadow effects; c use different materials to draw, e.g. pastels, chalk, felt tips; d show an awareness of space when drawing; e use key vocabulary to demonstrate knowledge and understanding in this strand: portrait, light, dark, tone, shadow, line, pattern, texture, form, shape, tone, outline. 	 Children continue to use a variety of drawing tools but are introduced to new techniques, e.g. creating perspective. They become more confident in techniques already learned and use the vocabulary learned accurately, e.g. shading, thick and thin. Children will rely on their sketching books to improve their drawing skills. KS2 Art and Design National Curriculum To become proficient in drawing techniques. To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, with a range of materials. Children can: a use a variety of techniques to add effects, e.g. shadows, reflection, hatching and cross-hatching; b depict movement and perspective in drawings; c use a variety of tools and select the most appropriate; d use key vocabulary to demonstrate knowledge and understanding in this strand: line, texture, pattern, form, shape, tone, smudge, blend, mark, hard, soft, light, heavy, mural, fresco, portrait, graffiti.

Painting	 what happens. Children begin to learn the primary colours and experiment with mixing paints to understand tone and secondary colours. KS1 Art and Design National Curriculum To become proficient in painting techniques. To use painting to develop and share their ideas, 	to see what happens. They use the language of colour accurately when mixing, e.g. shade, primary and tint. Children begin to experiment with colour for effect and mood. KS2 Art and Design National Curriculum To become proficient in painting techniques. To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including painting with a range of materials. Children can:	 Children continue exploring a variety of different brushes to see what happens. They use the language of colour accurately and use inspiration from natural and non-natural works to create a colour palette. Children are more expressive with colour, associating colours with moods. KS2 Art and Design National Curriculum To become proficient in painting techniques. To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including painting with a range of materials. Children can: a create a colour palette, demonstrating mixing techniques; b use a range of paint (acrylic, oil paints, water colours) to create visually interesting pieces; c use key vocabulary to demonstrate knowledge and understanding in this strand: blend, mix, line, tone, shape, abstract, absorb, colour, impressionism, impressionists.
Sculpture	sculpting and experiment with joining and constructing. They begin to use the correct vocabulary associated with sculpting and construction to demonstrate their understanding of the skill. KS1 Art and Design National Curriculum To become proficient in sculpting techniques. To use sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination. Children can: a use a variety of natural, recycled and	for sculpting. They experiment with joining and construction, asking and answering questions such as, 'How can it go higher?' Children begin to understand more about decorating sculptures and adding expression through texture. They use a variety of tools to support the learning of techniques and to add detail. KS2 Art and Design National Curriculum To become proficient in sculpting techniques.	 Children still use a variety of materials for sculpting and experiment with joining and constructing. They begin to understand more about clay modelling and using different tools with clay. They will be more reliant on their own ideas and knowledge of sculpture during the planning and designing process. KS2 Art and Design National Curriculum To become proficient in sculpting techniques. To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including sculpting with a range of materials. Children can: a plan and design a sculpture; b use tools and materials to carve, add shape, add texture and pattern; c develop cutting and joining skills, e.g. using wire, coils, slabs and slips; d use materials other than clay to create a 3D sculpture; e use key vocabulary to demonstrate knowledge and understanding in this strand: form, structure, texture, shape, mark, soft, join, tram, cast.

Collage	of images on different backgrounds with a variety of media, e.g. paper, magazines, etc. Children experiment with sorting and arranging materials and refining their work. KS1 Art and Design National Curriculum To become proficient in other art, craft and design techniques – collage. To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in	media, e.g. paper and magazines. They experiment with sorting and arranging materials with purpose to create effect. They learn new techniques, e.g. overlapping, tessellation, mosaic and montage. KS2 Art and Design National Curriculum	 Children experiment with mixing textures and with sorting and arranging materials with purpose to create effect. They develop their understanding of techniques learned in Lower KS2 and develop their own ideas through planning. KS2 Art and Design National Curriculum To improve their mastery of art and design techniques with a range of materials – collage. Children can: a add collage to a painted or printed background; b create and arrange accurate patterns; c use a range of mixed media; d plan and design a collage; e use key vocabulary to demonstrate knowledge and understanding in this strand: shape, form, arrange, fix.
Textiles	of techniques, e.g. weaving, dyeing and plaiting. They explore which textiles are best to use and produce the best result. Children will also explore decorating and embellishing their textiles to add detail, colour and effect. KS1 Art and Design National Curriculum To become proficient in other art, craft and design	 Children develop their weaving and colouring fabric skills further. They are also introduced to the skill of stitching in Lower KS2. KS2 Art and Design National Curriculum To improve their mastery of art and design techniques with a range of materials – textiles. Children can: a select appropriate materials, giving reasons; b use a variety of techniques, e.g. printing, weaving and stitching to create different textural effects; c develop skills in stitching, cutting and joining; d use key vocabulary to demonstrate knowledge and understanding in this strand: pattern, line, texture, colour, shape, stuffing, turn, thread, needle, textiles, decoration. 	 Children further develop their weaving, overlapping and layering techniques. They experiment with a range of fabrics including non-traditional fabrics. KS2 Art and Design National Curriculum To improve their mastery of art and design techniques with a range of materials – textiles. Children can: a experiment with a range of media by overlapping and layering in order to create texture, effect and colour; b add decoration to create effect; c use key vocabulary to demonstrate knowledge and understanding in this strand: colour, fabric, weave, pattern.

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Printing	repeated patterns and different materials to make texture, e.g. sponges. KS1 Art and Design National Curriculum To become proficient in other art, craft and design techniques	Children use a variety of printing blocks, e.g. coiled string glued to a block, and explore what effect making their own blocks has on shape and texture. KS2 Art and Design National Curriculum To improve their mastery of art and design techniques with a range of materials – printing.	Children have more opportunities to make printing blocks and tiles. They now reflect on their choice of colour for prints and develop their accuracy with patterns. KS2 Art and Design National Curriculum To improve their mastery of art and design techniques with a range of materials – printing.
	To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour and texture.	Children can: a use more than one colour to layer in a print;	Children can: a design and create printing blocks/tiles;
	Children can:		 b develop techniques in mono, block and relief printing;
rin		 b replicate patterns from observations; c make printing blocks; 	
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	 b use a variety of materials, e.g. sponges, fruit, blocks; c demonstrate a range of techniques, e.g. rolling, pressing, stamping and rubbing; 	 make repeated patterns with precision; use key vocabulary to demonstrate knowledge and understanding in this strand: line, pattern, texture, 	d use key vocabulary to demonstrate knowledge and understanding in this strand: hammering, pattern, shape, tile, colour, arrange, collograph;
	d use key vocabulary to demonstrate knowledge and understanding in this strand: colour, shape, printing, printmaking, relief printing, objects.	colour, shape, block printing ink, polystyrene printing tiles, inking rollers.	
Work of Other Artists	famous artists, studying their techniques and processes. They will be exposed to a range of different artists through history throughout KS1. KS1 Art and Design National Curriculum To understand the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between	 Children continue to study the works of famous artists. They have more opportunity to offer opinion and to compare and contrast artists. Children will be exposed to a range of different artists through history, studying their techniques and processes. KS2 Art and Design National Curriculum To learn about great artists, architects and designers in history. Children can: a use inspiration from famous artists to replicate a piece of work; b reflect upon their work inspired by a famous notable artists and the development of their art skills; c express an opinion on the work of famous, notable artists and refer to techniques and effect; d use key vocabulary to demonstrate knowledge and understanding in this strand: for example - Anselm Kiefer, Salvador Dalí, Paula Rego, Gainsborough, Le Corbusier, Coco Chanel, Jackson Pollock, John Constable, Thomas Cole, Claude Monet, Henri Matisse, Paul Cézanne, 	 Children continue to learn from the works of famous artists. They now expand their knowledge by looking at the range of more famous artists. Children comment on the work of famous artists and name their pieces of work. KS2 Art and Design National Curriculum To learn about great artists, architects and designers in history. Children can: a give detailed observations about notable artists', artisans' and designers' work; b offer facts about notable artists', artisans' and designers' work; c use key vocabulary to demonstrate knowledge and understanding in this strand: for example - Henri Rousseau, Alexander Calder, David Oliveira, David Hockney, Man Ray, Fernand Léger, Alfred Wallis, Hokusai, Frida Kahlo, Joaquín Torres-García, Leonora Carrington, Diego Rivera, Beatriz Milhazes, Carlos Páez Vilaró, John Singer Sargent, Ansel Adams, Helen Frankenthaler, Frank Lloyd Wright, Jean- Michel Basquiat, Mary Cassatt.